TOSSD 2019 data:
The first TOSSD data collection
The first TOSSD data collection was very successful

92 Respondents
of which...

43 Countries

49 Multilateral organisations
Including UN entities and MDBs

First-time data from 13 countries and multilateral entities
- Chile
- Costa Rica
- Indonesia
- Nigeria
- Global Partnership for Education
- Private Infrastructure Development Group
- SESRIC
- UN Capital Development Fund
- UNCTAD
- UNIDO
- UN inter-agency pooled funds
- UN Office on Drugs and Crime
- UN Secretariat
TOSSD Highlight Figures 2019

The figures include
- USD 63 billion of estimated data gaps derived from CRS for non respondents (included only at aggregated level)

The figures do not include
- EIB pillar 2 activities for USD 17 billion, reported on a commitment basis (included in the downloadable dataset on tossd.online)

Some of the mobilisation data are confidential
- Only USD 13 billion are fully disclosed on tossd.online as of March 2021.
- MDBs’ data on mobilisation are treated as confidential pending agreement on the appropriate level of aggregation in public disclosure.

USD 226 billion
Pillar I

USD 70 billion
Pillar II

USD 47 billion
Amounts mobilised

official support
private finance mobilised

USD 296 billion
+ USD 47 billion

gross disbursements

Data available at https://tossd.online/
TOSSD discloses additional data

TOSSD data capture close to 60,000 activities not reported so far*, representing an additional USD 76 billion in official support. TOSSD also discloses additional details on multilateral activities.

* Compared to OECD statistics on development finance

** Includes USD 17 bn from EIB on a commitment basis
Pillar I – More transparency to recipient countries

For example, for Guatemala

228 additional activities reported

+ 37% compared to Concessional finance (ODA + Multilateral outflows)

- Concessional (ODA + Multi) USD 435 m.
- Non-Concessional USD 102 m.
- TOSSD USD 597 m.

Examples of previously unreported activities

South-South co-operation:
• Various activities – Chile

Activities beyond ODA for DAC members:
• Peace and security (Fight against transnational crimes, border security) – France & Canada

Non-core resources by multilateral organisations:
• Water supply by IDB (Spanish thematic fund)
• Working Conditions in the Agro-Export Sector by ILO
• Ending violence against women by UN inter-agency pooled funds
• Strengthen justice & security sectors by UNODC
• Social protection by UNDP
• Other activities by UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP, WHO
Pillar I – more details on multilateral activities

Multilateral institutions report in TOSSD activities funded with both core and non-core contributions, offering more details on the reported activities.

**UN entities:** new data and additional details on non-core resources (USD 20 billion)

**MDBs:** new data and additional details on their trust funds’ operations

+ 64 Trust Funds
+ 638 activities
Pillar II - first official statistics on the financing of international public goods

65% of the financing for IPGs captured in TOSSD is additional *

* Compared to OECD statistics on development finance (CRS)

** Includes USD 17 bn from EIB on a commitment basis and does not include the estimated data gaps derived from the CRS for non-respondents
**TOSSD Pillar II – some examples**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BIODIVERSITY</th>
<th>HEALTH</th>
<th>ENERGY AND CLIMATE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Capturing activities with benefits of transnational reach</td>
<td>- TOSSD can be used as a framework to capture contributions to control the COVID-19 pandemic</td>
<td>- Contribution to future clean energy facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Costa Rica: Domestic budgetary expenditures on conservation areas for environmental services to keep global biodiversity (USD 59 million)</td>
<td>- International partnership: Development of a next generation universal influenza vaccine. A partnership between various countries that addresses the global health and economic challenge posed by influenza infections. (USD 11 million)</td>
<td>- International partnership on the design and construction of a research infrastructure that is aimed at contributing to the development of fusion energy (the Divertor Tokamak Test facility)</td>
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<td>- Part of the ITER project on nuclear fusion energy, a collaboration among various northern and southern countries (USD 250 million)</td>
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An increasing international uptake

Countries and multilateral institutions are invited to join the expanding TOSSD Task Force that is developing the TOSSD framework.

- In 2020 / 2021, Brazil, Chile, Egypt and Gabon became members. The Russian Federation and CSOs became observers.
- Membership: 29 expert or country representatives and 6 observers.

Discussions at the UN on an indicator for target 17.3 consider TOSSD methodologies.

- Discussions to conclude in Q4 2021 for consideration at the March 2022 UN Statistical Commission.

Coming soon in 2021:
- Capacity building seminars and more analysis, including with developing countries.
- 15 capacity-building seminars for TOSSD reporters.
- TOSSD pilots (health, Chile, a data pilot to compare TOSSD data with recipient country information).
Providers should submit their TOSSD Pillar I data by 31 July and their Pillar II data by 1 October. TOSSD data will get published in December 2021.
Collecting TOSSD data

2021 Data collection process

Data visualisation tool

All TOSSD data are published under the TOSSD data visualisation tool: https://tossd.online/